must be reduced to the most loathsome speedy and thorough reformbarbarism and our free institutions will become a mockery, and a buy word of to the laws of his country?

rage. Then, then their deeds will be hailed with acclamation throughout the benefactors of the human race.

Bulletin we learn that one of the se-Gibson Correspondent.

## HERALD.

CANTON, : : FRIDAY, October 20.

FOR GOVERNOR. Da. J. B. MORGAN, of Hinds co.

FOR CONGRESS. S. S. PRENTISS, of Warren. T. J. WORD, of Pontotoc.

ELECTION FIRST MONDAY IN NOVEMBER.

THOMAS SHACKLEFORD, Judge of Probate,

as a candidate for re-election. fry We are authorized to announce Joseph Riddle, Jr. Esq. as a candidate for Judge of Probate.

A slip from the Natchez Courier office contains the following important intelligence;

FROM WASHINGTON -On the 3d inst. claims. the House of Representatives declared Messrs. Claiborne and Gholson entitled to 000 to the payment of the just debts their seats for the whole of the twentyfifth Congress, by a vote of 118 to 101. Only one Van Buren man voted against them, viz: Mr. Towns, of Georgia. Eighteen or twenty whigs were absent.

Thus, party management and the specious "argument" of Messrs, Claiborne and Gholson, have secured to these gentlemen the apparent sanction of Congress to their high pretensions. We say ap- furnished at a low rate. parent sanction, because not even a majority of the present House of Representatives have concurred in the vote; and we cannot entertain a doubt that this vote will be rescinded in December, and the the above vote was given Messrs. Claiborne and Gholson have declared that THEY WILL NOT RESIGN. What then is our duty? To acquiesce quietly in this high-handed manœuvre, or send men to Congress who will truly represent us? Whigs of Mississippi! the question is with you-do your duty.

We publish in the succeeding columns the circular of Thomas J. Worn, Esq. of Pontotoc, and announce him this week as a candidate to represent Mississippi in the twenty-fifth Congress. Judge Huling to the Committee of Elections," and we are ever, is easily answered. Those men such heavy foreign debts must having declined, as will be seen by his compelled to pronounce it "a most lame who owe such heavy foreign debts must latter to a gentleman of Natchez, it has and impotent conclusion"—lame, because be "trading on borrowed capital," and become necessary to select some suitable candidate in his place. From the high character of Mr. Word, for talents and political integrity, and his acknowledged popularity in the northern counties, we doubt not that he is the best selection that could have been made by the whig party. Let us then unite upon Prentiss. and Word, and victory will be oursrecollecting that we are not warring for held under this writ was conducted TO THE PEOPLE OF MISSIS-

represent among the civilized nations of Sioux, Sacks and Pox Indians, near Lou the opinion of the Press may be indi- forts may promote the success of our grants to the Chickasaw Cession, I centre to centre, the the earth. Why should any man or set isville, Ky. on their way to Washington cative of public sentiment, it may be political principles, than from any asof men undertake to trample on the laws of the country? Upon what principle do City. The object of their journey was to these enemies to the peace and happiness enter into some negociations with Govof society arrogate to themselves the ernment relative to the removal Wast- the with the laws of the ward of their averal tables. The authority to mands of me a frank avowal of my poright of dispensing with the laws of the ward of their several tribes. The apland at pleasure? Why do they outrage pearance and conduct of these Indians, we abridge the constitutional congressions litical sentiments, on the subjects to become acquainted even with one the posts to be for the feelings of the community by usurp could not but admire; while at the same al term; and that the members to be plained and; ing those sacred functions which belong time recurring to the present condition of elected would serve during the whole shall endeavor to give it in as concise of the south; and for some time to will also be a pair of alone to the sovereignty of the people of their people, we were compelled also to twenty-fifth Congress. Mississippi? If a Lynch club is permitted view them with feelings of deep commiseto make and execute laws, what has become ration. In their gait, their stature, their representation of Mississippi, within distress, the minds of all are directed names even were to them before unlar steps and gales, of that glorious right of every freeman, concise and expressive mode of conversa- the meaning of the constitution. the trial by a jury of peers, accordingly tion, their graceful and classic costume, 2. That the Governor was bound to pinion, the establishment of a NA= I should have been pleased to visit the day of February It is the interest of all who desire to or, we easily recognized the true "Lord him by the constitution, exalt the character of the State—it is the of the Forest," and regarded them as 3. That the power has been exerduty of all who would promote the great personifications of ideal majesty. And cised in the writ he has issued; and from me as to the constitutionality of election, and the large extent of our all proposals must be cause of civilization and social life, to that these men, the descendants of the chart the member elected under it are a National Bank. They honestly en- State, place it out of my power. But President and Selected under it are a National Bank. combine and prostrate this disorganizing Kings and Princes, who once held andist to fill the vacancy, by serving to the tertain the opinion that Congress does it is hoped my opinions, as above of Canton. brutal, and unholy spirit. In the name turbed sway over our extensive country, of the bleeding and outraged genius of should now be compelled to travel hour termination of the twenty-fift Connot possess the power, under the connot possess the power and afford the people an opportunity liberty, justice and mercy, we call upon dreds of miles to beg a scanty pittages gress the grand jury of our county to bring to from those who have unjustly deprived. Now we would ask, how do these tion. For such opinions, I have great of comparing them with those of my condign punishment the perpetrators of them of their possessions, is indeed a statements accord with facts? That the respect. I once entertained scruples opponents. The contest is one of W. M. LAMBETH this foul outrage. Now is the time to ex- melancholy reflection! Yet, under exist- election (as all elections are) "was on that subject myself; and to remove principle entirely. It is admitted that terminate this odious, depraved and bru- ing circumstances all must see the ne- conducted with zeal and arder," may the doubts of all. I would gladly see your present representatives are able tal spirit. The legal guardians of the cessity of their speedy removal; and be true. This does not affect the quest the constitution, so amended as to and worthy; and if a majority of the public peace are called upon by nine their only alternative is to make the best tion. But that it was the general opinion give that power, in clear and express people accord with them in sentiment, tenths of this community, by the spirit of possible arrangement with government of "both parties, that the members to be terms. But, if the acquiescence of I have not the vanity to believe, that bumanity, by the solemn obligations of for the amelioration of their future con- elected would serve during the whole the People, at different periods of by selecting me, they would be better their caths, by all the noble and patriotic dition. From the following extract it twenty-fifth Congress," we positively the Government; if the opinions of represented. impulses of virtuous and enlightened free will be seen that the propositions of the deny. It is untrue, as every intelligent able expounders of the Constitution, Should I be your choice, I can only

civilized world, and generations yet un- cil again met the Secretary of War all, viewing, as they did, the whole proborn will be taught to lisp their names as yesterday morning, at 10 o'clock, in ceeding as a mere farce, and as conferring fully satisfied of its constitutionality Dr. Laurie's church. A large compa- no right whatever upon Messrs. Claisorne of its usefulness, expediency, and nemy of ladies and gentlemen complete- and Gholson to take their scats as mem- cessity, I never had a doubt; and if Sevene storm.—By the New Orleans by filled the pews, aisles and galleries of the present Congress. Why is elected, I will unhesitatingly vote for the church. After the honorable of the church. After the honorable of the church. of the church. After the honorable wishes and expectations of the people, should differ in some respects from the verest storms occurred in that city on Secretary of War had taken a few they have taken this bold stand only old United States Bank, It should disposed of their interest in said con- law disposed of their interest in said con- law disposed of their interest in said con-Friday and Saturday, the 5th and 6th whiffs of the Calemet, and each of the inst., that has been experienced for the since their arrival in Washington? Per not hold real estate; nor should for disposed of their interest in said contact the since their arrival in Washington? Per not hold real estate; nor should for arrival in Washington? inst., that has been experienced for twenty six Indians composing the demany years. The amount of property destroyed is supposed to be very great.

Mr. Campbell, was directed to preter, Mr. Campbell, was directed to pr Several houses were blown down en- inform the Indians that the Govern- undoubtedly hinted that "a bird in the afford a sound and uniform currency tirely, and others sustained considerable injury. It is said the destruction their lands than they were worth; the present political complexion of Mistheir lands than they were worth; the present political complexion of Misdence in moneyed transactions; give that the money offered to them was sissippi should restrain them from sub. dence in moneyed transactions: give the Lake is far greater than that in not the Secretary's money, but the mitting their claims to the people, so long permanency to the price of property the city. A considerable injury was sustained by the shipping in the harbor; one steamboat having sunk at the Levee. The waters of the Lake

The water the Levee. The waters of the Lake gress) now in session, and that if not the voice of Mississippi in November will these objects. I believe that State pose of examining, auditing and allow-

> to explain to the Indians how the reckoning is at hand." large sum of money which was offered to them for their lands was proposed to be applied for their benefit. This THE "ANTIDOTE AND THE POIhe did at the Secretary's request, by stating, after the Secretary had named the several propositions, which we of political medicines of all autidotes keeping of the revenue of the Governunderstood to be the following,

the proffered million of dollars, the sum of \$200,000, to be applied as annuities for their benefit, to provide them with suplies and all the necessa- cular to the voters of Madison county, renoy ought not, cannot, be introduries of life forever. It was explained that an "intended antidote for the disease ced into a commercial and enterpri-We are authorized to announce to the Indians that unless the money of the country" was proposed at the last sing community. Commerc connot was so applied for their benefit, and session of our Legislature; but that it is be carried on with a currency so un-

2. It was proposed to give \$100,000 to the Half Breeds, to extinguish their

3. It was proposed to supply \$70,to the nation.

4. It was proposed to apply 70,000 for the erection of mills and other buildings necessary for their use and

\$18,000 with the privilege of selecting such as they like-the goods to be ture, the ten per cent damage." And shall commerce;" because "such measures

6. It was proposed to apply \$170,-000 for blacksmith's establishments and the manufacture of agricultural implements, &c.

propositions, as we understood them. convenience) we can pay the debt and inAfter consulting for about half an terest, with some trifling cost, and a small ries, is recommended. The Governhour, one of the chiefs rose and made fee, as I said before, to the lawyer. But ment, too, is to receive its dues in the a short talk to the Secretary of War. some may object that such a law would legal currency, while the people must We could not hear the explanation of operate partially upon the community- look to the depreciated currency of the Interpreter, but we understood that those merchants and planters who the State Banks, and individual issues, him to say that the Indians wished a little time to deliberate, upon the propositions in private.

We have received the "Argument subbase sophistry, and quietly sanction such once assert our independence, and say to gress for the purpose of raising a rea manifest infringement of their rights. our creditors that we will pay our debts venue commensurate only to the ac-This singular document concludes in the when convenient, and not before following language;

"And I further say, that the election men, but principles. The election day is with great zeal and ardor, which is ennear at hand, and we carnestly hope that tirely inconsistent with the supposi-

be chosen, by a new election, for the more to gratify the wishes of friends, ought not to be discussed. We lately passed a Deputation of the residue of the vacancy, So far too as who believe my humble, but honest efsafely stated, that prior to the election pirations of my own, I have consented that country. The northern portion inches square, of some State has settled with great and to be safely stated. both parties assumed the ground that to place my name before you. the governor had the power to issue The attitude I have assumed, de- rapidity, and sufficient time has not whole size of the

men, to make signal examples of all who government are liberal and likely to be voter of Mississippi will well remember, are to have any weight with us, it promise an honest and faithful dis-From the National Intelligencer.

And as to the "zeal and ardor" displayed on the occasion, all will recollect that fundamental forms.—The Indian Counties of our citizens did not vote at fundamental forms.

And as to the "zeal and ardor" displayed on the occasion, all will recollect that fundamental forms of our citizens did not vote at fundamental fundamental fundamental forms.

And as to the "zeal and ardor" displayed on the occasion, all will recollect that fundamental fundament rose so high as to cover the marshes accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and even flood- accepted, they would probably have benefits and the flood- accepted Capitol, and thunder into the ears of these local purposes; but that they are in- T. Smith deceased, reported insol- on the third Monday

FOR THE CANTON HERALD.

Messas. Editors: Of all the systems and nostrums ever applied to the disease ment, now abandon them. The Sub-1. It is proposed to set aside out of of a body politic, that of Mr. Marshall, as treasury system is, in my opinion, proposed to be applied to our poor disor- only one link more in that chain dered State, seems to be the greatest pan of ruinous "experiments" which have acea, and one which must prove entirely plunged the country into unparalled officacious. He suggests, in his late cir- distress. An exclusive metallic curthat of their children, it would immedentially insufficient—that it a contains a wieldly. The scarcity, if not the pondiately be gone, and do them no good poison within itself, which if taken must derous quality of gold and silver, prewhatever, and that it was avery large mevitably produce death." And here, sum of money and would supply them gentlemen, he has shown a political forewith every thing necessary for their sight searcely credible, and one which . It was expected that some measures should at least entitle him to the appella- for the relief of the country would be tion of a political seer. The ten per cent, recommended to Congress by the Exdamage is the paison that renders the ecutive. His friends assured us that "intended antidote" so deadly to the body something would be done. But, inpolitic. It is true, this antidote has been deed, we are unfeelingly told by the applied in numerous instances, as the Executive, that our distress has been The State of Mississippi, By the Board records in our Clerk's office will verify; brought upon us by our own impruand we do not yet perceive the destructive dence; that the Government can give REGULAR TERM, October 18, A. D. 1837. effects of the "poison." Still its minute no relief; nor can the President "sugoperations and secret windings have been gest to Congress any special plan for ORDERED. That the following D directed to the sherif comfort.

5. It was proposed to let them have goods every year to the amount of \$18,000 with the privilege of selectwe not, therefore, support him? What are not within the constitutional prowill be the result of such a measure! vince of the Government." We are, Why, when we are sued, by giving a then, to expect nothing from that small douceur to our lawyer, after delay source. We are told that the Goving the judgment several terms, we can ernment must take care of itself, and 7. It was proposed to apply \$170, Errors and Appeals, there to remain for And, instead of falling back into the hang our cases up in the High Court of the people must take care of themselves, members elected in November be admitted on the purchase of tobacco, salt, years, while we can attend to our busi-beaten track, and adopting some meaness, unmolested by the disagreeable dons sure, proven by experience to be safe, The above were the subjects of the of creditors; and in the end (if it suits our the untried scheme of the Sub-treasuthe United States Circuit Court to answer that such measures, recommended at to their claims; and hence they could not such a time, are to me, any thing but then obtain this facility of appeal without acceptable. I have never been an adtheir premises and arguments do not Gen Jackson has emphatically declared authorize it, and impotent, because the in what must and ought to be their fate. telligent and independent yeomaary of Let us then, who have confined our opera-Mississippi will not be influenced by such tions within our own State, boldly and at posts and duties, was given to Con-

SIPPL

A VOTER.

a manner as possible.

to ensure it.

cy, does not, in my mind, admit, a ed can attend. doubt. And even those who once held up to the People of the United States, as the proper instruments for the collection, disbursement, and safe-

On other political subjects there is

but little difference of opinion among southren politicians. I believe the fual wants of the Government, and that a protective tariff is unconstitutional. I deny the right of the Geneeral Government to prosecute works of internal improvement within the FELLOW CITIZENS: I have been in States. Lalsodeny the right of Con-

apt ld the officers of postice-to sustain at all enemies to executive dictation, and to then that the people were misled by duced, at this late period of the can- gress to interfere with the subject of the District of Co. all 'azards, the majesty of the laws-the the experiment and experiment and experiment makers, who this notion of the Governor into a berights and privileges of each and every have caused our present embarrassments, lief that they were only conferring a a candidate to represent you in the lumbia, or within the States. I view in the town of Candidate to represent you in the lumbia, or within the States. I view in the town of Candidate to represent you in the lumbia, or within the States. I view in the town of Candidate to represent you in the lumbia, or within the States. einzen, no matter how debased, society will rally to the polls, resolved upon a temporary apointment for twomonths, Congress of the United States. With to be supergeded by members then to some sacrifice of personal interest, and stitution itself, and one, indeed, which The posts to be of

> of our State has settled with great and to be mortised come, many will be called upon to tre of each side with to some mode of relief; and in my o- known. Under such circumstances, The work to be con and in their superior dignity of demean exercise the authority conferred on TIONAL BANK, is the best means different counties, and express my be made when the opinions personally. The short time, Proposals will a stitution, to create such an institu- and afford the people an opportunity

Your fellow citizen. T. J. WORD. Pantotoc, Oct. 5, 1837.

NOTICE

Shereby given that A. J. Hardy, above described negro nership. The business will still be

W. H. STEGER & Co. Madisonville Oct. 26, 1837, 22-3t INSOLVENT NOTICE.

MIE undersigned commissioners Thomas Brown, The interpreter was then desired unworthy servants, that "their day of capable of affording a uniform curren- vent, when and where those interest- ber next, the followings

FRANCIS M. FINCHER, R. S. HUNTER, LEVY PEARGE. Oct. 20, 1837.

RUNAWAY IN JAIL. VAS Committed to the Jail of Ma dison County on the 19th inst. by T. S. Salmon, a Justice of the Peace, a negro man who says his Sharp, of Yazoo county, Mi. had on ton pants and roundabout, a black for hat half worn-aiso a silver lever The President, Direct watch, which he says he stole since he and 55 years old, bald head and about 6 feet high. The owner of said negro is requested to come forward, James H. Andrews prove property, pay charges and take Benjamin B. Frizell

H. HAYMAN, jailor, Oct. 20, 1837. 22-tf

named persons be appointed judges county, I shall expose to to hold a general Election at the dif- for cash, at the Court H ferent Precincts in the county, on the the town of Canton, on ! first Monday and day following of 16th of October next, a co November next, for the purpose of and Cotton-levied on, electing all State and County officers, sold to satisfy the abovest

At Madisonville, David M. Porter, Francis Tidwell and John T. Boteler. At Williamstown, William Henry, John C. Roberts and Eli B. Warren. til the 23d inst. At Canton, William Prichard, E. D. Cash and William Bennett.

At Sharon, Nathaniel Robbins, Kinsman Divine and James M. Baker. At Livingston, W. D. Perkins, W. D. Hart and William M. Royce.

At J. D. King's House, Gideon Bass, Callum Barnes and John D. King. At Vernon, E. T. Montgomery, Wm. Pack and Joshua H. Rawlings. At McCarty's Ferry, D. F. McCar-

Peter Goad and G. M. Reese. At Beatie's Bluff, Lorenzo Latham, James Lee and James H. Dunlavy. At Camden, John Douglass, Samuel Hamblin and M. Vanderhurst.

At Hines' Store, D. Burnes, D. Ford and James A. McMurtry. At Way's Bluff, T. B. Walter, J. M. Robb and Haley Cotton. At Wells & Robinson's Store, Ga-

brief Allen, J. M. Wells and Bede Johnson.

A true copy—attest; WILLIAM RILEY, Clerk, By J. H. BAIRD, Deputy. Canton, Oct. 20, 1837. 22-td

NOTICE TO UNDERTAKERS. SEALED proposals, will be received until the 15th day of Novem-

Oct. 20, 1837.

COTTON F

Reference, J. T.J. Oct. 20, 1837

RUNAWAY ATAS Committed dison county, a Justice of the Pean who calls his name Di belongs to Tom Box Amsterdam, he is about ches high, 25 or 6 made, had on when e pants and shirt, a b some other slothes. The

H. HAYM Sept. 29, 1837.

SHERIFF ISAAO WAZDS SAMUEL H. ASHLER,

to WIL: W. 4 of N. 5, Township 10, Ra adjoining Elisha Lott is the property of the Thomas Brown-levied be sold as such, to sais stated case,

S. M. FLOURNO Sept. 8, 1937. The above sales

Oct. 20, 1837. SHERIFFS and Co. of the Planters

Bank of the State of Mississippi,

Bame.

Same vs. samb. Balfour & Pugh Same.

Y virtue of the above S. M. FLOURNON

Canton, Oct. 6, 1837. Or The above sale is po

Oct. 20, 1837. STATE OF MISSI Madison Cas

By the Probate Court To all persons interested tenements & hereditaments kiah Kibbee deceased to YOU are hereby cited to

fore the Probate Co county, at a regular tend be holden at the court has county, on the 4th Mend next, then and there to if any you have, why saide not then order and decree estate both real and pers and being in the counties and Yazoo, of said deces sold, as the same would be

tage to the heirs. WITNESS, the His Shackleford, Joh bate of said cons Monday of Mare year of our Lord sand eighthundred

seven, and sel al Issued the 29th day of Sept. W.M. RILL.